

ECPI GLOBAL ESG SILVER ECONOMY INDEX

RULE BOOK

January 2025 Version 3.0.3

ECPI Srl is a member of Confluence



MARKET REALTY

The ECPI Global ESG Silver Economy Equity Index is an equally weighted equity index designed to offer investors exposure to listed companies in Global developed markets, characterized by a positive ESG profile and that are the ones best placed to grasp the benefits deriving from life expectancy increase and aging population, pharmaceutical and medical innovation, changes in lifestyle and spending capacity of elderly cohorts of population.

INDEX FAMILY IDENTIFIERS

BLOOMBERG TICKER	REFINITIV RIC	INDEX NAME
GALPHSEP Index	.GALPHSEP	ECPI Global ESG Silver Economy Price Index
GALPHSER Index	.GALPHSER	ECPI Global ESG Silver Economy Total Return Index
GALPHSEN Index	.GALPHSEN	ECPI Global ESG Silver Economy Net Return Index

INDEX REBALANCING

Semi-Annually, on the Selection Date immediately preceding the relevant Effective Rebalance Date, index constituents are selected in accordance with the index eligibility criteria as new constituents of the index in order to ensure market representation. If the review day falls on a holiday, the subsequent working day will be considered.

REBALANCING TIMETABLE		
TIME REFERENCE	ACTION	WHEN
To	Selection Date of the new constituents	1st Friday of Jan, Jul
T ₁	Equal Weight Reference Date	3rd Monday of Jan, Jul
T ₂	Proforma Period	4 days of Proforma, starting 3rd Monday of Jan, Jul
T ₃	Effective Rebalance Date: the new index is effective	3rd Friday (closing) of Jan, Jul





EQUITY UNIVERSE

Every six months ECPI reviews the index constituents to ensure correct market representation.

ECPI maintains a research universe of investable instruments construed according the ECPI ESG Screening Methodology (ECPI ESG Rating Methodology - Companies).

Starting from the research universe, ECPI has identified seven clusters of companies as being best positioned to foster and benefit from this secular trend of extension of life expectancies (Thematic Universe):

Financial Planning

Companies that effectively respond to:

- Growing demand for Life Insurance as a private supplement to public retirement schemes (e.g. reforms aiming at creating a Third pillar besides public pensions and pension funds).
- Growing demand for private Health insurance schemes covering a wider range of events (e.g. welfare reforms in continental Europe).
- Growing demand for wealth management and financial planning solutions for retired generations.

Healthcare Facilities and Services

• Companies involved in the Provision of services and facilities that respond to an Increasing demand for healthcare infrastructures and equipped facilities (e.g. residential districts and/or hospices) and related services.

Pharmaceutical & Life Science

- Companies involved in the development and production of early diagnosis and treatment of oncological, neurological and cardiovascular diseases.
- Companies active in genomic science, such as gene editing, genomic sequencing, genetic medicine/therapy, computational genomics, precision, and regenerative medicine.
- Companies involved in drug discovery, development, and production continuum by providing analytical tools, instruments, consumables and supplies, clinical trial services, and contract research services.

Medical Devices and Services

- Increasing demand for health-related products and services. The elderly, together
 with chronically ill and disabled people, already make up the largest share of
 healthcare expenditures.
- Increasing demand of cost saving technologies in the healthcare industry (e.g. devices for personal data gathering, sharing and elaboration).
- Rising demand for home-technology solutions (e.g. health monitoring).

3



Active Lifestyle

• Growing relevance of 50+ cohort in terms of consumption capacity: the willingness to keep high lifestyles and consumption habits and better health conditions will lead to an increase in discretionary spending (e.g. Tourism & Entertainment, Fitness).

Healthy Nutrition

• Companies significantly involved in the production of plant based fresh and frozen food, or that develop natural ingredient solutions for the food and nutritional industries.

Personal Care

Companies providing responses and products responding to:

- Rising demand for Cosmetics, Beauty, Personal care, Anti-aging Products.
- Rising demand for safety and security devices (e.g. home automation systems).

To be eligible for inclusion in the ECPI Global ESG Silver Economy Index, a stock must satisfy the following criteria (in which case, it will be an "eligible stock"):

Index Initial Universe:

- 1. The Company belongs to the **Thematic Universe** described above
- 2. It is listed on a Global Developed Market

COUNTRY TABLE		
Australia	Hong Kong	Portugal
Austria	Ireland	Singapore
Belgium	Israel	Spain
Canada	Italy	Sweden
Denmark	Japan	Switzerland
Finland	Luxembourg	United Kingdom
France	Netherlands	United States
Germany	New Zealand	
Greece	Norway	

- 3. The issuer of the stock must have a minimum market capitalization of € 500 million
- 4. The average daily traded value of the stock over the last 6 months shall be equivalent to a minimum of € 5 million



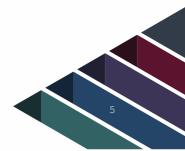


ESG Investable Universe:

- 5. Company has a positive ECPI ESG Rating (from E- to EEE).
- 6. The following Normative & Controversy Screening is applied:
 - o Companies with a poor ESG profile (ESG Rating = F) are excluded.
 - o Companies involved in structural, repetitive, and severe controversies or violations of the:
 - UN Global Compact
 - UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs)
 - OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (as far as relevant)
 - ILO Conventions

are excluded.

- 7. Companies involved in "baseline" controversial activities as defined below are excluded from the Investable Equity Universe:
 - a. Controversial Weapons (Cluster Bombs, Antipersonnel Landmines, Nuclear Weapons, Biological Weapons): a company producing controversial weapons is considered "Not Eligible" regardless of the amount of revenues generated by the sale of these products.
 - b. **Tobacco**: a company producing tobacco products or products that are instrumental for the sale of tobacco products, or distributing tobacco products, is considered "Not Eligible" if revenues originated from this business activity are greater than 2% of total sales (threshold considered for "Distributors" is 5%).
 - c. Coal Extraction: company involved in the mining of coal is considered "Not Eligible" if revenues originated from this business activity are greater than 5% of total sales.
 - d. Coal Power Generation: company involved in coal-based electricity generation is considered "Not Eligible" if revenues originated from this business activity are greater than 50% of total sales.





INDEX SELECTION

The index selects 100 stocks under the diversification constraint specified below:

a. Thematic Diversification Criterion:

Constituents shall be classified by theme (thematic clusters):

- Financial Planning
- Healthcare Facilities and Services
- Pharmaceutical & Life Science
- Medical Devices and Services
- Active Lifestyle
- Healthy Nutrition
- Personal Care

b. Capitalization Criterion:

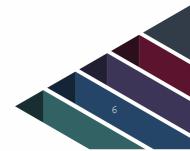
Within each thematic cluster, constituents are sorted according to their market capitalization and the 14 highest companies in ranking are chosen from each cluster except for the (i) Pharma & Life Science and the (ii) Medical Devises and Services clusters that contribute to the index with 15 instruments each.

c. Geographic Diversification Criterion:

Within each thematic cluster, the maximum exposure to a single Country cannot exceed 50 percent of cluster composition (i.e., 7 securities). When 50 percent single Country exposure is reached, the remaining securities are selected from the one belonging to other Countries in descending order of market capitalization.

BUFFER RULE

For all current constituents, a tolerance of 20% is applied to the market capitalization and 6-months daily average value traded limits. Therefore, a constituent will be allowed to remain in the index if it has a minimum market cap of € 400 million and a minimum liquidity of € 4 million.





Versions

VERSION	EFFECTIVE DATE	CHANGES
3.0.1	01 May 2023	Ungrouping Index Family
3.0.2	1 May 2024	Verification and quality of data
3.0.3	1 January 2025	Exclusion criterion: Coal



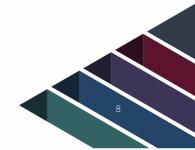
EXPLANATION OF HOW ESG FACTORS ARE REFLECTED IN THE KEY ELEMENTS OF THE BENCHMARK METHODOLOGY		
Item 1. Name of the benchmark administrator.	StatPro	
Item 2. Type of benchmark or family of benchmarks.	Equity	
Item 3. Name of the benchmark or family of benchmarks.	ECPI Global ESG Silver Economy Equity	
Item 4. Does the benchmark methodology for the benchmark or family of benchmarks take into account ESG factors?	✓ YES □ NO	
benchmarks, those ESG factors the taking into account the ESG factor Please explain how those ESG factors the taking into account the ESG factors.	Item 4 is positive, please list below, for each family of nat are taken into account in the benchmark methodology, rs listed in Annex II to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816. ctors are used for the selection, weighting or exclusion of d at an aggregated weighted average value at the level of	
(a) List of environmental factors considered:	Selection: Overall ECPI ESG Rating must be E- or higher Exclusion: Companies involved in systematic violations of the UN Global Compact are excluded (ESG Rating = F) Mining of thermal coal, and coking coal; generation of electricity from coal	
(b) List of social factors considered:	Selection: Overall ECPI ESG Rating must be E- or higher Exclusion: Companies involved in systematic violations of the UN Global Compact are excluded (ESG Rating = F) Production of controversial weapons (Nuclear, Biological, Chemical, Cluster Munitions, Mines) and/or their essential components Production of tobacco, products that contain tobacco	

Overall ECPI ESG Rating must be E- or higher

https://ecpigroup.com/wpcontent/uploads/rules/GALPHSEP_Benchmark_Statement.pdf

Companies involved in systematic violations of the UN Global Compact are excluded (ESG Rating = F)

Exclusion:



(c) List of governance factors

Hyperlink to the information on ESG factors for each benchmark:

considered:



Item 7. Data and standards used	
(a) Data input. (i) Describe whether the data are reported, modelled or sourced internally or externally. (ii) Where the data are reported, modelled or sourced externally, please name the third party data provider.	Company analyses draw on a range of reliable and publicly available sources to create a transferable, equitable and auditable approach. Where possible, ECPI aims to use objective information that is easily measured and quantified and less subject to bias and opinion. In cases where an indicator is important to capture, but not easily quantifiable, ECPI process works to reduce bias, by identifying clear and unambiguous rules for assigning scores. Sources include: Company annual reports Company sustainability reports, environmental reports, CSR reports or similar Company websites Regulatory data (from the regulators in the country/countries where the company is incorporated and/or listed) Information providers and search engines Media and news services (including newsletters from local and international institutions and NGOs). Screening of company's participation in international institutions Screening of company's certifications Screening of company's awards Thematic websites promoted by international non-profit organizations Company Investor Relations departments, when necessary. In such cases, we try to obtain written answers in order to be able to store them in the company's records
(b) Verification and quality of data. Describe how data are verified and how the quality of those data is ensured.	The ESG data is sourced externally, from ECPI, the ESG research provider. ECPI delivers ESG scores and ratings information as well as involvement in controversial sectors of activity and an assessment regarding the UNGC principles. For details on ECPI ESG research, please refer to ECPI ESG Methodology Document. The provider has been selected by the Administrator based on an assessment of its existing processes to ensure the reliability and representativeness of the ESG-related data. The data provider has established processes in accordance with accepted and established market standards that ensure the permanent quality and reliability of the ESG-data provided. The verification and quality of data are checked both externally and internally by automated and manual quality assurance processes. The quality assurance process includes: Systematic peer review for all issuers that are newly assessed Systematic peer review for all significant changes during the annual update Periodic spot checks for certain high-risk industries/issue areas by research leads Periodic data comparison with third-party sources, including government and incustry databases
(c) Reference standards Describe the international standards used in the benchmark methodology.	The rating criteria have been developed in accordance with ICCR's "Principles for Global Corporate Responsibility: Benchmarks for Measuring Business Performance" and is inspired by the principles developed by International Bodies dedicated to Responsible Investment such as UN Global Compact (www.unglobalcompact.org), the Global Reporting Initiative (www.globalreporting.org) and UN PRI (www.unpri.org).
Date on which information has been last updated and reason for the update:	1 January 2025





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